

Brad Abrams

Designing Microsoft® .NET Class Libraries

June 2004



Course Objectives

- Provide guidance for you to design the next generation of platform APIs
- After successfully completing this course, you will:
 - Understand the breadth of issues .NET library designers face
 - Be equipped to build great .NET libraries
 - Have access to resources to help you deal with ongoing issues

Introductions

About the Instructor

Student Introductions (via e-mail list—*design@dn*)

- Name
- Title/function
- Job responsibility
- Product group and experience
- Expectations for the course

Course Materials

- Slides

<http://ddwww/SpecTool/Documents/Milestone-independent/DesignGuidelines/MSTE-Designing.NETClassLibraries.ppt>

- Design Guidelines Document

<http://ddwww/SpecTool/Documents/Milestone-independent/DesignGuidelines/designguidelines.doc>

Facilities



- Class Hours
 - 9:00 A.M. start
 - 11:45–12:45 lunch (not provided)
 - 5:15–5:45 P.M. finish
- Meals
 - Buildings 17 and 34 have cafeterias nearby
- Restrooms
- Phones

Audience and Prerequisites

- Audience
 - Developers
 - Program managers
 - Others designing .NET class libraries
- Before you take this course you should have the following knowledge and skills:
 - Working knowledge of the Microsoft .NET Framework and a .NET language (about 0.5–1 year)
 - Objected-oriented (OO) design experience

What We Will Cover—Thursday

Time		Title	Instructor
9:00 A.M.	0	<u>Setting the Stage</u>	<u>BradA</u>
9:15	1	<u>Naming Conventions</u>	BradA
10:15		Break	
10:30	2	<u>Rich Type System</u>	BradA
11:45		Lunch	
12:00 P.M.		(bonus) Usability Presentation	StevenCl
12:45		After Lunch Wake Up: Usability Videos	
1:00 P.M.	3	Designing Progressive APIs	KOwalina
1:30	4	Member Types	BradA
2:30	5	Designing Inheritance Hierarchies	BradA
3:30		Break	
3:45	6	CLR Performance Tips	RicoM
4:45	7	Designing for Managed-Memory World	Brada

What We Will Cover—Friday

Time		Title	Instructor
9:00 A.M.	8	Understanding Interop	Sonjake
10:15		Break	
10:30	9	Versioning	RLander
11:00	10	<u>Packaging, Assemblies, and Namespaces</u>	<u>MiMurray</u>
11:45		Lunch	
12:00 P.M.		Bonus: FxCop in Depth	Jeffva, MiMurray
12:45 P.M.		After Lunch Wake Up: FxCop Demo	
1:00 P.M.	11	Enabling Development Tools	BrianPe
2:15	12	Security	SLange
3:45		Break	
4:00	12	.NET Q&A	v-JeffR and Team

Lesson 0: Setting the Stage

- After successfully completing this lesson, you will:
 - Be exposed to basic terminology
 - Understand the why behind Microsoft WinFX™
 - Appreciate your part in the WinFX goals
 - Recognize the role of guidelines
 - Be aware of the first principles
 - Know your role in the *multi-language* runtime

Terminology

- Managed Code: Code where execution is closely managed by the common language runtime (CLR) —for example, code produced by C# and Microsoft Visual Basic® .NET compilers
- Unmanaged Code: All other code in the world
- .NET Libraries: Reusable managed code classes that are intended to be used by third-party developers (not the output of TLBImp)
- Applications: Software with which end users interact

The Microsoft Business Model

**Platform
Advances**



The Microsoft Business Model



The Microsoft Business Model



The Microsoft Business Model



Microsoft Platform History

MS-DOS

Win16

Win32

WinFX

WinFX

- Builds on the .NET Framework
- Is a well-structured programming framework for Microsoft Windows®
- Continues commitment to backward compatibility

WinFX “Prime Directive”

*First-class managed
interfaces to all broadly
used system technologies*



About Design Guidelines

- Often Subjective
 - But benefits of consistency aren't subjective
- Contentious by Nature
- Intrinsic Value in Conformance
 - Developers' knowledge transfers
 - High-level design tools can be built
 - Time-tested patterns
- About Conveying Ideas to the Developers

About .NET Design Guidelines

- Easier to Use
 - Raised abstraction level
 - Rapid Application Development (RAD) / component-oriented
- Single API Targets Multiple Users
 - Range of languages: Visual Basic, C#, C++, third-party
 - Range of styles: RAD, systems, etc.
 - Consistent availability of functionality
 - Single platform
 - More headroom
 - Increased complexity for increased control
 - Example: Async IO

First Principles

- What does your library look like to program against?
- Design in reverse:
 - Write the three lines of code the developer will have to write, then model the APIs around making that possible
 - Example: `Console.WriteLine()`
- Understand what it is like from other languages as well

Common Language Specification (CLS)

- Ensures components can be accessed from any programming language
 - Is fundamentally a compromise between languages and component providers
 - Adhering to the CLS broadens your user base
 - C# does automatic checking
 - Visual Basic and MC++ (v1) do not check
- ```
[assembly: CLSCompliant(true)]
```

# What We Will NOT Cover

- Introduction to .NET or C#
- Source Code Conventions
- Data Structures and Algorithms
- Introduction to Object-Oriented Design



# Lesson 0 Summary

- WinFX starts a virtuous cycle
- The WinFX “Prime Directive” is: First-class managed interfaces to all broadly used system technologies
- Guidelines are often contentious but valuable
- The CLS is important and easy to follow

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